

Popular Column.

Small Advertisements for Rent, Lot, Farm, Wanted, etc., inserted in this column, free of charge. Each additional insertion five cents per line. Payment in advance.

Wanted.

WANTED—To exchange a good improved farm in Wisconsin of 100 acres, with buildings, for property in Toledo. Price of farm \$25,000, no immediate cash. Write to J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

WANTED—SOME PERSON WHO is engaged in or connected with a permanent business in Fremont, to learn the telegraph business efficient to take charge of the office of A. & P. Telegraph Co. in connection with present or prospective business. Could make it quite an object. Address, the Manager, A. & P. TELEGRAPH CO., Toledo, O.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—MULE—I have a single mule which I will sell cheap. Will break very kind. A year old, weighs 900 pounds, good reader, good style, took first premium at fall, hard to beat. For further particulars apply to J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

FOR SALE—Farm of 175 acres in Springfield Township, Lucas county, O., one mile this side of Holland station, on Air Line Railroad, 1 mile from the depot. The farm has two barns, two houses, good outbuildings, three orchards containing 1,500 apple trees, besides other fruit, five wells, one an artesian, about four miles of the land, soil splendid rich black loam, good fences, etc. \$100 per acre, or will sell 40, 50 or 60 acres off at same price. Apply to J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

FOR SALE—160 acres land, good brick house, barn, living water and everything in good shape, about 3 miles from Fremont, in good school district, the owner leaving the place in cash for cranberries from \$1,000 to \$1,500, never less than \$1,000, located 15 miles from Toledo. Price, on easy terms, \$5,000. J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

PIANO FOR SALE—Can be seen at the residence of J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

FOR SALE—By private contract, two very large city lots, fronting on Court St., within one block of the R. R. Depot, and numbered respectively 561 and 562 on city plat, forming one of the most eligible building sites in the city. Also, three acres of excellent fertile land, with a good house and barn, and orchard thereon, situated on Buckland avenue, adjoining the property of Mr. J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

FOR SALE—SCHOOLSHIP—In Toledo University, liberal advantage given. Apply at the office of this paper.

For Exchange.

TO EXCHANGE—40 Lots, located on one mile from Summit street, Toledo, O., near street railroad, at \$500 per lot, for a farm (improved) within 100 miles from Toledo, worth \$10,000 to \$12,000, balance, time to suit—pay all at the end of 5 years, with interest annually. The above lots are all located fully and will sell at \$500 on cash payments, time to suit, no reserve. Inquire or address J. H. BARNES & CURTIS, Rooms 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce, Toledo, O.

The Fremont Journal.

FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1875.

A. H. DALSHBY, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

The value of the distilleries and stock seized at St. Louis foots up \$239,088.

One more step has been gained in the Beecher case. Porter has ceased, and Everts speaks.

Pennsylvania Republicans renominated Governor Hartranft, by acclamation at their convention last week.

At last the third term humbug has received its quietus. The President has struck it dead with a single blow. Would that the blow had been struck sooner.

The Secretary of the Treasury has given orders for the sale of half a million in gold each Tuesday during the month of June.

Later reports from the earthquake at Borrausa, Asia Minor, state that two villages were destroyed and 2,000 people killed.

We give particulars of the burning of the Catholic church, at Holyoke, Mass., in another part of this paper. It was a horrible affair, and is graphically described.

Secretary Bristow has directed the retirement of \$97,760 currency, 80 per cent. of the additional circulation issued to banks during this month under the new law.

Reports by cable state that a heavy earthquake occurred at Borrausa, Asia Minor, on the first of May, during which six hundred houses were destroyed, and over one hundred lives lost.

The editorial excursion from the Southern part of the State to Put-in-Bay was a pleasant affair and passed off agreeably to all concerned, if we may judge from the resolutions of thanks giving, &c.

Decoration Day was generally observed. At Little Rock the Federal and Confederate, both white and black, are said to have joined in the ceremonies of decorating the graves of all soldiers of the war.

This time Boynton has made a success of it, and has actually swam the English channel. He started from the French coast on Friday morning and early on Saturday morning crawled out of the water at Dover.

Elsewhere we give the proceedings and the platform adopted by the Republican State Convention, which we have not time to discuss this week, but will say that the platform and candidates are sound, and with them the Republicans will march on to victory.

As soon as Congress convenes next December, the Postmaster General intends to use his efforts to have the present law governing third class matter on transient newspapers so modified as to be more just and equitable. At present the law is a grievous outrage.

The Indian delegation which has been visiting the Great Father and interviewing the Secretary of the Interior, don't appear to be well pleased with the situation. Their subsistence is not likely to be continued unless they receive

to another reservation, where there is at least a prospect of their maintaining themselves.

Oh, that Mine Enemy would Write a Book.

"Fighting Joe Hooker" says he intends taking up the cudgels against General Sherman in defense of his own command. He says people must not be surprised at Sherman's "dropping over" in his Memoirs, for he has been doing this all his life. He adds that Sherman "made war like a brigand, while many other Generals never forgot that they were making war on their own countrymen." There are a score or two of Generals yet to be heard from who are putting up their swords and unsheathing that nightmar weapon, the pen.

School Boy Brutality.

A case of manslaughter has just occurred at Defiance, which has roused the entire community into a state of excitement, being no less than the killing of a sick boy by two of his schoolmates. The story as told by the mother of the deceased boy is as follows:

The boy was about eight years old; had but lately recovered from the measles and was in delicate health. He commenced attending school last Wednesday, and after school was over upon two other stronger boys than himself, thrown down, beaten and kicked, until finally he succeeded in getting home, when he went to bed and died on the Friday following. The boy's father's name is Roloff. The names of his assailants are withheld until the action of the authorities take in the matter is determined.

END OF THE THIRD TERM HUMBUG.

Letter from the President to the Chairman of the Recent Pennsylvania Republican Convention.

THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—President Grant has written the following letter to General Harry White, President of the recent Pennsylvania Republican State Convention:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, D. C., May 29, 1875.
Dear Sir: A short time subsequent to the Presidential election of 1872, the press, a portion of it hostile to the Republican party and particularly so to the administration, started the cry of "Cessation and the Third Term," calling lustily for me to define my position on the latter subject. I believed it to be beneath the dignity of the office which I have been twice called upon to fill to answer such a question before the subject should be presented by competent authority to make a nomination, or by a body of such dignity and authority as not to make a reply a fair subject of ridicule. In fact, I have been surprised that so many sensible persons in the Republican party should permit their enemy to force upon them and their party an issue which cannot add strength to the party, no matter how met, but a body of the dignity and authority of a convention to make nominations for the State officers of the second State in the Union having considered this question, I deem it not improper that I should now speak.

In the first place, I never sought the office for a second, nor even for the first time. To the first, I was called from a life position, one created by Congress expressly for me for supposed services rendered to the Republic. The position vacated I liked; it would have been most agreeable to me have retained it until such times Congress might have consented to my retirement with the rank and apportion of the emoluments which I so much needed, to a home where the balance of my days might be spent in peace and the enjoyment of domestic quiet and relief from the cares that have oppressed me so constantly now for fourteen years, but I was made to believe that the public good called me to make the sacrifice.

Without seeking the office for the second term, the nomination was tendered me by a unanimous vote of the delegates of all the States and Territories, selected by the Republicans of each to represent the whole number for the purpose of making their nominations. I cannot say that I was not pleased at this and at the overwhelming endorsement which their action received at the election following, but it must be remembered that all the sacrifices, except that of comfort, had been made in accepting the first term. Then, too, such a fire of personal abuse and slander had been kept up for four years, notwithstanding the conscientious performance of my duties to the best of my understanding, though I admit, in the light of subsequent events, many times more subject to fair criticism than an endorsement from the people, who alone govern republics, was a gratification that it is only human to have appreciated and enjoyed.

Now for the "third term." I do not want it any more than I did the first. I would not write or utter a word to change the will of the people in expressing and having their choice. The question of the number of terms allowed to any one executive can only come up fairly in the shape of a proposition to amend the Constitution, a shape in which all political parties can participate, in fixing the length of time or the number of terms for which any one person shall be eligible for the office of President. Until such an amendment is adopted the people cannot be restricted in their choice by resolution further as to age, nationality, etc. It may happen in the future history of the country, that to change an executive because he has been eight years in office, will prove unfortunate, if not disastrous. The idea that any man could elect himself President or even renominate himself is preposterous. It is a reflection upon the intelligence and patriotism of the people to suppose such a thing possible. Any man can destroy his chance for the office, but no one can force an election or even nomination.

To recapitulate: I am not nor have I ever been a candidate for renomination. I would not accept a nomination if it were tendered; unless it should come under such circumstances as to make it an imperative duty, circumstances not likely to arise. I congratulate the convention over which you presided for the harmony which prevailed and for the excellent ticket put in the field, and which I hope may be triumphantly elected. With great respect, your obedient servant. U. S. GRANT.

T. General Harry White, President of the Pennsylvania Republican State Convention.

STATE CONVENTION.

Hayes Nominated on the First Ballot.

General Young for Lieutenant Governor.

THE ABLEST MEN IN THE PARTY ON THE TICKET.

And the Soundest Principles in the Platform.

Hayes Accepts and Taft Will Support the Ticket.

COLUMBUS, June 2.

Promptly at 11 o'clock the Convention assembled in the Opera House, which had been neatly swept and decorated for the occasion. A band in the main gallery blew an inspiring strain while the delegates were filing to their seats, and when Captain Wikoff rose to call the Convention to order all the seats and standing room on the main floor was filled. After an impressive prayer by Rev. Mr. Hutchings, Hon. Lorenzo Danford of Belmont county came forward as chairman of the temporary organization, and made a stirring and effective speech.

The temporary organization was then announced and a committee on Credentials appointed. An amusing little flurry now arose over the proposition to invite General Sherman to a seat on the stage during the afternoon session, the point in dispute being whether as General of the Army he could with propriety be expected to take an interest in a political convention. It was finally concluded that he might properly be invited as a private citizen, and the motion was carried with a roar. The temporary organization being complete, the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock p. m.

AT TWO O'CLOCK.

At two o'clock the Convention was in its seats. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported ex-Governor Noyes as permanent chairman of the Convention, who being introduced by General Danford, came forward amid loud applause, and made a ringing speech of ten minutes, congratulating the Convention on its spirit and harmony, and hoping that all would be prepared to make whatever sacrifices might be necessary to unity upon the ticket which would best represent the ability and integrity of the party, and present the greatest strength at the polls.

Governor Noyes indicated briefly his ideas of what the State platform should contain, his allusions to the President's recent third term letter, and his denunciation of the Democratic-Catholic alliance being loudly cheered.

At the close of his address Governor Noyes retired to the wing of the stage and led out General Sherman, who was apparently cheered. The General came forward and said that he was a fact a little nervous. He had never before stood in the presence of a political convention. He closed with a few earnest words to the convention upon the importance of its work, and expressing his trust that the delegates would prove worthy of their high responsibility.

The Committee on Credentials reported all delegations full and no contests. The Committee on Resolutions not being ready to report, the nomination of a candidate for

GOVERNOR.

Was proceeded with. Mr. Brinsmade of Cuyahoga nominated Judge Alphonse Taft of Hamilton county, quoting the words of Governor Hayes that he was "a pure and good man and a sound Republican." Taft's nomination was enthusiastically received, and the delegates then proceeded to the nomination of a candidate for

Mr. McLean of Trumbull presented the name of General Sherwood, who was immediately withdrawn by a delegate from the Sixth district, with the explanation that he was not and had never been a candidate.

Ben Eggleston then struggled to his feet and nominated ex-Governor Hayes, and the wildest cheering. It was clear from that moment which way this cat would bow.

A rural delegate then nominated Hon. Ben Wade, a break that was very faintly applauded.

Mr. Bickham then asked who would be answerable for Gen. Hayes' acceptance of the nomination if tendered. Hon. Charles Foster then read a dispatch from Governor Hayes saying that he would under no circumstances accept a nomination in a contest with Judge Taft. The ballot then proceeded with the following result, General Groveson catching an opportunity to slip in the nomination of Hon. V. R. Horton, of Meigs: Hayes..... 324 Wade..... 29 Taft..... 179 Horton..... 25

This settled the business, and ex-Governor Hayes was nominated on the first ballot. Mr. Bickham on behalf of Judge Taft's friends, moved to make the nomination unanimous, which was done amid great enthusiasm.

A dispatch was ordered to be sent to Governor Hayes apprising him of his nomination.

The convention was now in fine working order, and having surpassed the rules re-nominated by resolution the following officers: G. W. Melvin, Judge of the Supreme Court; James Williams, Auditor of State; John Little, Attorney General.

The Committee on Resolutions now came upon the scene and presented the following platform, which was adopted unanimously without amendments:

PLATFORM.

The following platform was unanimously adopted without discussion. The representatives of Ohio, in convention assembled, reaffirming the cardinal principles of their organization, which have become the received maxims of the policy of the State and nation, declare on specific points and series of sentiments following:

First. The States are one as a nation, and all citizens are equal under the laws, and entitled to their fullest protection.

Second. That a policy of finance should be steadily pursued which without unnecessary shock to business or trade, will ultimately equalize the purchasing capacity of the coin and paper dollar.

Third. We are in favor of a tariff for revenue, with incidental protection to American industry.

Fourth. We stand by free education, our public school system, the taxation of all for its support, and no division of the school fund.

Fifth. Under our Republican system of government there should be no connection, direct or indirect, between church and state, and we oppose all legislation in the interest of any particular sect upon this subject. We should not fail to profit by the experience of foreign governments where the efforts of the church to control the state constitute an evil of great magnitude and endangers the power and prosperity of the people.

Sixth. We demand such a revision of the patent laws as will relieve industry from the oppression of monopolies.

Seventh. A grateful people can never cease to remember the services of our soldiers and sailors, and it is due to them that liberality and generosity should obtain in the adjustment of pay and bounties.

Eighth. That we demand that the public domain shall be scrupulously reserved for occupancy by actual settlers.

Ninth. The determination of the Government to collect the revenues and prevent and punish frauds, has our unqualified approval.

Tenth. That the power of municipal corporations to create debts should be restricted, and local and other expenditures should be reduced so as to diminish taxation.

Eleventh. The observance of Washington's example in retiring at the close of a second Presidential term, will be in the future, as it has been in the past, regarded as a fundamental rule in the unwritten law of the Republic.

Twelfth. The distinguished success of his administration, which, to the fame of the patriot and soldier, has added that of the capable and judicious statesman, entitles President Grant to the gratitude of his countrymen.

NEXT CAME THE

NOMINATION OF THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

The first ballot did the business as follows: General Thomas Young, of Hamilton, 400; Wales, of Stark, Co. 64; Gardner, of Washington county, 74; Edwards, 10.

The nomination of General Young, which was a tribute to the Taft interest, was then made unanimous and the bluff Cincinnati was called to the stage and made a jolly little speech, accepting the nomination as a tribute to Hamilton co., for which he thanked the Convention.

HAYES' NOMINATION MADE UNANIMOUS.

Mr. Charles P. Taft, son of Judge Taft, now claimed the floor, and in a graceful speech moved to make the nomination of Governor Hayes unanimous. This was the one thing needed to relieve Hayes from all possible embarrassment, and the whole convention stood up and cheered. Mr. Taft's motion with these cheers. The little cloud of trouble was now all gone, and every one felt that the coast was clear for a straight, harmonious campaign. With this state of feeling the convention took up the

NOMINATION OF THE TREASURER.

For which there was a cloud of candidates. It was a long, tedious ballot, and at the end of the following men led the field: Turney, of Cuyahoga, 199 votes; Milligan, of Butler, 51; Ogilvie, of Muskingum, 49; Wooster, of Huron, 77. There was no choice, and a second ballot gave Turney 228 votes and Milligan 141. The Grange element now came to the front and demanded the nomination of Milligan as a representative of the farming interest. Two or three strong speeches were made in his favor, and third ballot carried him through with 321 votes, Turney receiving 181.

Mr. Brinsmade in a short speech moved to make Milligan's nomination unanimous, which was done with great cheer. Mr. Sherrey followed with a brief valedictory so well put that many who had voted against him were sorry for his defeat.

THERE REMAINED ONLY A

MEMBER OF BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS

To be chosen, and Cuyahoga put forward Peter Thatcher, who was at a home somewhere, notorious as that was a candidate for anything. Four or five other men were named, but Thatcher swept the field on the first ballot with 362 votes. His face when he heard of it was a study for an artist.

THIS CLOSED THE WORK, AND

WITH THREE CHEERS

For Governor Hayes, the platform and the ticket, the convention adjourned. Everybody is happy and the enthusiasm here to-night is of that confident, aggressive kind that wins victories.

A DISPATCH FROM GOVERNOR HAYES.

Read during the last moments of the session was as follows:

"In obedience to the will of the convention I withdraw my objections and accept the nomination."

Thus was the day's work made complete.

NEWS ITEMS.

Paul Boynton tried another swim in the British Channel on the 27th. Springfield, Mass., had a \$550,000 fire on Sunday night. Insurance \$450,000.

Two more seizures were made at Cincinnati for illicit distilling on Monday.

Untold millions of grasshoppers have been destroyed by heavy rains in Kansas.

President Jewett, of the Erie Railway, has been appointed Receiver of that company.

The Wilier House at Mansfield was damaged by fire to the extent of \$5,000 on Monday.

The United States steamer Swatara has returned from the Transit of Venus expedition.

The Riverside Nail Factory, at Wheeling, was destroyed by fire on Friday morning last. Loss \$75,000.

The steamboats Juniata and Mollie Elbert, with three empty barges, were burned at Pittsburg, on the 26th.

Internal Revenue Collector Philip Wadsworth, of Chicago has been requested by Commissioner Pratt to resign.

General Hazen has issued another pamphlet on the resources of Dakota Territory. It is very unfavorable to the country.

"Editing a Mississippi paper," remarks a Western editor, "means buckshot after the first month and a funeral after the second."

The Indians are on the war path in Kansas, and citizens are fleeing from their homes in the vicinity of Solomon's Forks, Osage county, Kansas.

There has been an average of one steamer lost each week since the 1st of January, and the loss of life has been equal to forty for each steamer.

A tin box containing bonds, bank stocks, etc., amounting to \$40,000, was stolen from the residence of J. H. Coroman, in Baltimore, on the night of the 27th.

Attorney General Pierpont has issued a circular stating that he finds the appropriations for the office exhausted, and commanding general economy and retrenchment.

The Northern Ohio Woolen Mills, at Cleveland were destroyed by fire on Friday evening last. Loss \$60,000, on which there was insurance of from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

The Governor of West Virginia has issued a proclamation declaring that the seat of government of that State has been removed from Charleston and is now located at Wheeling.

Albert N. Clark, of Baltimore, drew \$10,000 on a forged check, from the Farmers and Merchants Bank, of that city. Most of the money was recovered, and Clark will be held to answer.

A battle between the Carlises and Alphonists is reported at Alama, on Saturday. The Carlises lost seventy killed and two hundred wounded. General Dorrageary is reported wounded.

After a long silence, in which it seemed that both Alphonists and Carlises had met the fate of the two Kilkenny cats, we hear of another battle in which there were the usual Carlisle losses.

Cleveland proposes to celebrate the coming 4th of July in an appropriate manner. The City Council has taken the initiative step, and one of the draw strings will be Prof. Wise and his balloons.

The Ristori troupe, on a recent trip from Indianapolis to St. Louis, was robbed of valuables amounting to \$2,000. The colored porter of the sleeping car was arrested and the valuables were found.

A terrific explosion occurred in the Soda Water factory of J. D. Daws, at Boston, on the 25th. The building was four stories high and was completely wrecked. Thirty bodies were recovered from the ruins.

In Portland, a suburb of St. Johns, N. B., a fire broke out and spread rapidly, on the 28th, until it consumed nearly one hundred buildings and left one hundred and forty families homeless. Loss stated at \$250,000.

Mr. Schliemann, whose excavations on what is supposed to be the site of ancient Troy have been so graphically described by Mr. Bayard Taylor, has been granted authority to continue his investigations, and will proceed with his work almost immediately.

Two years ago a Pennsylvania servant girl was sent to prison for stealing two hundred dollars from her employer. The money was found the other day where the man had hidden it, and now he offers the girl six dollars as recompense, while she wants ten thousand.

Near St. Louis, on the evening of the 25th, a negro who had been refused work by a German named Pfarr, returned to his home, murdered Mr. Pfarr, robbed his house, ravished the wife of Mr. P., and then fled. Mounted police were out scouting the country to capture the desperado.

It really seems as if there was some truth in the rumors of fresh plots for the assassination of Bismarck and Falck. The alleged chief conspirator has been arrested and is said to be related to dignitaries in the Catholic Church. It is even asserted that the plot included the assassination of Emperor William.

The Missouri river is getting ready for another one of those royal sprees, in which she sweeps over the surrounding country, tearing away fences and farm houses and sometimes bearing along whole villages in her swift course. Our dispatches this morning state that the rise is expected to be the greatest that has taken place for many years.

By the falling of a scaffold at the Central Ohio Insane Hospital, on the 26th, four men were killed and two fatally injured. One man escaped by jumping thirty feet and alighting upon a wall. Some timbers at work upon the tower, during the excitement that followed, left a soldering pot behind which set fire to the tower and occasioned \$5,000 damage before the fire was extinguished.

New Advertisements.

Novelty Iron Works, Toledo

RUSSELL & THAYER, Builders' Iron Work!

Cast Iron Columns of all sizes and patterns. Wrought Iron Beams and Girders. Iron Rods, Anchor Bolts and Stirrups. Cast Iron Door Sills and Sash Frames. Sash Weights of all sizes and weights. Cast and wrought Iron Hay Racks. Cast Iron Feed Box for Stables. Cast Iron Stall Partitions. Wrought Iron Cider Press Screws. From Litching Bros. Potash Kettles. Wrought Iron Water Tanks, any size, to order. Steam Boilers of all sizes.

Works Corner Water and Lagrange Sts., TOLEDO, O. 30-35

THIRD ANNUAL SEASON SALE For the Next 30 Days. GREAT BARGAINS IN Watches!

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, &c., &c. vases, crockery, etc.

L. TANKE'S, 175 SUMMIT ST. TOLEDO, O.

All Goods purchased within the next 30 days will prove a bargain.

Don't Miss it. Call at once and examine our Immensely Large Assortment and Fabulous Low Prices.

31-35 L. TANKE.

LADIES:
Miss Thompson
Has just returned from the East with
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN
Summer Millinery
And is now showing the most
Fashionable Goods in
the market.

The Largest and Choicest Display in the city.

STEP LADDERS!
We have bought a big stock of
STEP LADDERS
And are Selling Them Very Cheap.
C. M. DILLON & CO.
FREMONT, April 1st, 1875.

Kelley Brothers,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
Rooms Nos. 9 & 11, Chamber of Commerce,
TOLEDO, OHIO.

LANDS.

1,000 acres of choice land, heavily timbered, at \$1 50 per acre.

480 acres choice land, one-half prairie, in Lucas County, Ohio, at the very low figure of \$20 per acre, one-third payments.

Few choice pieces of timber land in Paulding Co., O., at \$12 50 per acre.

70 acres land well located within eight miles of the Post-office, at \$40 per acre. Surrounding lands selling at \$65 per acre.

10 acres garden land lots on Dorr street, near the city, with plank road all the way out, and charter for a narrow gauge railroad, which will be built soon. Few of these lots will be sold at \$1,000 each—\$100 cash and balance in nine annual payments. with six per cent interest. Better than a savings bank. This land will be worth \$5,000 per acre before five years.

22 lots in Raffensperger, Kelley & Crim's addition, near Monroe street railroad, close to works of Milburn Wagon Company; will be sold at a bargain for the whole lot, and part on time. Call at office for price and terms.

80 acres land in Anderson County, Kansas, cheap.

40 acres land six miles of post-office in Lucas county, well located, at \$3,500; 500 cash, balance \$500 per year, six per cent interest. This is one of the best bargains offered.

Also 18 acres near Monroe street, and 2 1/2 miles of Milburn Wagon Company, for \$2,500; \$500 cash, balance 1, 2, 3 and 4 years.

Choice dwellings; price \$1,200 to \$3,000 each, in the city, well located, and on easy payments.

Building lots in all parts of the city from \$150 each to \$8,000. Payments to suit.

We would like to see all strangers coming to the city call at our office. Correspondence carefully answered and solicited.

KELLEY BROTHERS,
22 47 Rooms Nos. 9 and 11, Chamber of Commerce.

NEW PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS

The Best Pictures at the Lowest Rates!

C. P. SHUMAN,

Having purchased the material owned by S. M. Arnold, and taken the Photograph Rooms in Odd Fellows' Block, is prepared to accommodate all callers with

FIRST-CLASS PICTURES!

Having had an experience of seven years at the business, he feels confident of being able to produce pictures equal to the best.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

And will be ready at the time promised. If you want Good Pictures call.

Prompt attention given to all callers.

C. P. SHUMAN.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

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